South Texas College Campus Security Authority Crime Reporting Form

Forward the completed form to: STC Department of Public Safety Fax: 956-872-2372

As a Campus Security Authority (CSA), you must report Clery Act reportable crimes to the South Texas College Department of Public Safety by immediately calling 956-872-2589 when you receive information concerning a crime and forwarding the completed form to the Department of Public Safety.

CSA Name:					
Phone:		ted:			
SECTION I: CLERY REPORTABLE CRIME REI Complete this section if a Clery reportable crin		nan one Clery repo	rtable crime	was reporte	d to you,
fill out one of these forms for each crime repo	rted.				
Reporting Person:	Phone Number:		Victim:	Yes	No
Crime (see definitions below):	Date Crime Occurred:				
Location of Incident (building name or address):					
Brief description of the incident:					
Did the crime occur on College owned, con	tralled or leased property?	Voc	No		
Did the crime occur at a College sponsored	Yes	No No			
	activity.	163	140		
<u>HATE CRIMES:</u> South Texas College is required to report statistic	es for hate related crimes by the ty	pe of bias as define	ed below.		
If a hate crime occurs where there is an incident	involving intimidation, vandalism,	larceny, simple as	sault or othe	er bodily injur	y, the Clery
Act requires that the statistic be reported as a hare related crime is not a separate crime, but is the o	_				
example, a subject assaults a victim, which is a cassault because of his bias against the victim's ra	rime. If the facts of the case indica	ite that the offend	er was motiv	ated to comr	
-					
If a hate (bias) related crime was reported to yo information about the type of bias involved in t		intormation abov	e and then d	omplete the	Tollowing
Type of Bias: Race Religion	Ethnicity Gender	Sexual Orientati	on	Disability	
Evidence Documenting Bias:					

SECTION II: ANNUAL CLERY REPORT DECLARATION

This section is to be used by December 31 of the reporting year, only when the Campus Security Authority has not submitted a report during the reporting year.

If no crimes were reported to you during the reporting year (ending December 31), please complete the following.					
Reporting Year:	Date Submitted:				
Reporting Person (print name):	Department:				
I affirm that no Clery Reportable Crimes, as described below, were reported to me during the calendar year.					
Signature:	Print Name:				

CRIME DEFINITIONS

Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter: the willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another. NOTE: Deaths caused by negligence, attempts to kill, assaults to kill, suicides, accidental deaths, and justifiable homicides are <u>excluded</u>.

Robbery: the taking or attempting to take anything from value of the care, custody or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Negligent Manslaughter: the killing of another person through gross negligence.

Aggravated Assault: an unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. It is not necessary that injury result from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife or other weapon is used which could or probably would result in a serious potential injury if the crime were successfully completed.

Burglary: The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. For reporting purposes this definition includes: unlawful entry with intent to commit a larceny or a felony; breaking and entering with intent to commit a larceny; housebreaking; safecracking; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Motor Vehicle Theft: The taking of a motor vehicle (as defined) without the consent of the owner with the intent to either permanently or temporarily deprive the owner of the vehicle. (Includes attempts)

Arson: The willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, or personal property of another kind.

Weapon Law Violations: The violation of laws or ordinances dealing with weapon offenses, regulatory in nature, such as: manufacture, sale, or possession of deadly weapons; carrying deadly weapons, concealed or openly; furnishing deadly weapons to minors; aliens possessing deadly weapons; all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Drug Abuse Violations: Violations of state and local laws relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs. The relevant substances include: opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic narcotics (Demerol, methadone's); and dangerous non-narcotic drugs (barbiturates, Benzedrine).

Liquor Law Violations: The violation of laws or ordinance prohibiting: the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking on a train or public conveyance; all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned. (Drunkenness and driving under the influence are not included in this definition.)

Hate Crime Definitions

Larceny: The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another.

Vandalism: To willfully or maliciously destroy, injure, disfigure, or deface any public or private property, real or personal, without the consent of the owner or person having custody or control by cutting, tearing, breaking, marking, painting, drawing, covering with filth, or any other such means as may be specified by local law.

Intimidation: To unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.

Simple Assault: An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration or loss of consciousness.

<u>Sex Offenses – Forcible</u>

Forcible Rape: The carnal knowledge of a person, forcibly and/or against the person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity (or because of his/her youth).

Forcible Sodomy: Oral or anal sexual intercourse with another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Sexual Assault With An Object: The use of an object or instrument to unlawfully penetrate, however slightly, the genital or anal opening of the body of another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Forcible Fondling: The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or, not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.

Sex Offenses- Non-forcible

Incest: Non-forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.